We claim:

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1. A radiating patch for use in a planar inverted F antenna, the radiating patch comprising:

an electrically conductive blank comprising a periphery;

- a first connector cut from the conductive blank and extending away from the blank in the first direction and forming a cutout region in the conductive blank; and
- a second connector extending away from the blank in the first direction.
- 2. The radiating patch of claim 1, wherein the first connector comprises a feed connector.
- 3. The radiating patch of claim 1, wherein the first connector comprises a ground connector.
- 4. The radiating patch of claim 1, wherein the cutout region is completely internal to the conductive blank.
- 5. The radiating patch of claim 1, wherein the cutout region extends to the periphery of the conductive blank.
- 6. The radiating patch of claim 1, wherein the conductive blank comprises a corrosion-resistant material.
- 7. The radiating patch of claim 1, wherein the cutout comprises a radiating element.
- 8. The radiating patch of claim 1, wherein the cutout comprises at least one of a straight line, a circle, a polygon, an arc, a zig-zag line and a meander line.

9. The radiating patch of claim 1, wherein the second connector is cut from the conductive blank forming another cutout region.

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10. A planar inverted F antenna for use in a wireless communication device having a printed circuit board, the antenna comprising:

a radiating patch comprising a periphery;

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a first connector for providing a first electrical connection to the printed circuit board of the wireless communication device, the first connector being cut from the radiating patch and extending away from the radiating patch in a first direction; and forming a cutout region in the radiating patch;

a second connector for providing a second electrical connection to the printed circuit board of the wireless communication device; and a non-conductive carrier for receiving the radiating patch.

- 11. The antenna of claim 10, wherein the carrier further comprises an opening to receive the first connector.
- 12. The antenna of claim 10, wherein the carrier further comprises at least one locating pin for aligning the radiating patch on the carrier.
- 13. The antenna of claim 12, wherein the locating pin is deformed to secure the radiating patch to the carrier.
- 14. The antenna of claim 10, wherein the carrier further comprises at least one locating block for aligning the radiating patch on the carrier.
- 15. The antenna of claim 14, wherein the at least one locating block is deformed to secure the radiating patch to the carrier.
- 16. The antenna of claim 12, wherein the carrier further comprises at least one locating block for aligning the radiating patch to the carrier.

- 17. The antenna of claim 10, wherein the cutout region is completely internal to the radiating patch.
- 18. The antenna of claim 10, wherein the cutout region extends to the periphery of the radiating patch.
- 19. The antenna of claim 10, wherein the cutout comprises a radiating element.
- 20. The antenna of claim 10, wherein the cutout comprises at least one of a straight line, a circle, a polygon, an arc, a diagonal line and a meander line.
- 21. The antenna of claim 10, wherein the first connector aligns the radiating patch with the carrier.
- 22. The antenna of claim 10, wherein the first connector secures the radiating patch to the carrier.
- 23. The antenna of claim 10, wherein the second connector is formed from another cutout.

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24. A planar inverted F antenna for use in a wireless communication device having a printed circuit board, the antenna comprising:

a radiating patch comprising a periphery;

means for connecting the radiating patch to the printed circuit board of the wireless communication device, the means for connecting forming a cutout region in the radiating patch;

a second connector for providing a second electrical connection to the printed circuit board of the wireless communication device; and

a non-conductive carrier for receiving the radiating patch.

25. A method of making a radiating patch for use in a planar inverted F antenna, the method comprising:

providing a conductive blank having a periphery;

cutting a first connector from a portion of the conductive blank internal to the periphery of the conductive blank; and

bending the first connector away from the conductive blank to form a cutout region in said blank; and

forming a second connector.

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